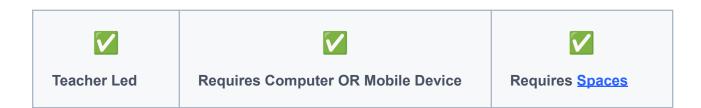
STEAM Art Activity: Fractal Watercolors - Grades 6-8

This lesson will teach students about amazing, intricate fractals and how they show up naturally in our world. Students will use their understanding of fractals to create a unique fractal watercolor painting. This lesson is for students in grades 6-8, but can be adapted for any grade level.



Spaces Prep

Create your Activity in Spaces before the lesson. Not sure how to create an Activity? Check out this <u>short video tutorial</u> on assigning and managing activities.

Learning Goals

- 1. Students will **understand** the concept of a fractal, especially in nature.
- 2. Students will **apply** their understanding of fractals to plan a design.
- 3. Students will **create** a unique fractal watercolor painting.

Materials

Student Handouts	N/A
Technology Requirements	 Mobile device, tablet, or laptop Projector or Smartboard
Video/Audio Clips	 What is a fractal? Fractals and the art of roughness Ted Talk (optional)
Additional Materials	 Pencils (1 per student) Watercolor paper (1 per student) Pastels or crayons (at least 2-4 colors per student) Pictures of fractal examples (pages 5-10) Watercolors Paintbrushes (1 per student) Cup of water (1 per student) A device to take pictures of or look up fractal examples (optional) Black cardstock or construction paper (1 per student, optional)

Instructions

Before the lesson

- 1. Explain to students that today, they will be learning about fractals.
 - Write "fractal" on the board, and ask students if they have heard this term before, or if they can infer what it might relate to based on how it looks/sounds.
- 2. Tell students that fractals are naturally occurring patterns that are never-ending, and that fractals show up in nature everywhere you look.
 - Show What is a fractal? video for more explanation and examples of fractals.
 - If time allows and if you think it would be beneficial for your students, you can also show the <u>Fractals and the art of roughness Ted Talk</u> video through about minute 2:20; this Ted Talk is by mathematician Benoit Mandelbrot, who coined the term "fractal."

- 3. As a class, look at some examples of fractals that exist in nature (project and/or print out examples on pages 5-10).
 - As you observe each fractal, discuss as a class what patterns are occurring. Note that there are usually many patterns, not just one.

During the lesson

- 1. Tell students that they will use their understanding of fractals to create a unique fractal watercolor painting.
- 2. Students should choose a fractal they are interested in painting. They can use one of the examples in this lesson, or, as an option, you can have your students:
 - Look up and find a picture of a fractal online using a device, OR
 - If time, space, and resources allow, you can bring students outside to find a real-life fractal example to take a picture of.
- 3. Once students have chosen and/or taken their picture of a fractal, they should get the following materials to design and create their painting:
 - o Pencil
 - Watercolor paper
 - Pastels or crayons (at least 2-4 colors)
 - Watercolors
 - Paintbrush
 - Cup of water
- 4. Students should follow these steps to design and create their painting:
 - Outline their fractal design in pencil on their piece of watercolor paper.
 - To differentiate, challenge students with stronger fine motor skills to create 4+ "levels" of their fractal; students with fine motor challenges should do 2-3 "levels."
 - Next, use pastels or crayons to trace their fractal design.
 - Have students use a different color for each "level" of their fractal pattern. For example, if they are drawing a flower, the inside of the flower would be one color, the first set of petals would be another color, and the next set of petals would be a different color.
 - Once their design is traced, use watercolors to add color to their design.

- Allow and encourage students creative freedom and expression in their painting; the colors do not have to match their picture of their fractal.
- Once their painting is finished and dried, you may want students to secure their painting to black cardstock or construction paper as a background (optional).

After the lesson

1. Have students do a gallery walk to observe each others' fractal paintings.



